OHDM Peer Reviewer's Checklist for Research Papers

General

- 1. Is the topic of the paper appropriate for the journal concerned?
- 2. Does the paper conform to the published guidelines for authors of the journal concerned?
- 3. Is it on an important or significant topic?
- 4. Does the study add to the existing knowledge-base?

Presentation

- 5. Does the title accurately reflect the content of the paper?
- 6. Does the paper have a logical construction?
- 7. Does the length of the paper need adjusting (too long or short)?
- 8. Is the paper written in a clear and easily understandable style?
- 9. Is the paper free of grammatical or typographical errors?

Abstract

- 10. Is there an abstract that conforms to the journal's published guidelines for authors?
- 11. Does the abstract present an accurate synopsis of the paper?

Introduction and Aims

- 12. Is the introduction appropriate to the paper's subject?
- 13. Is the literature that has been reviewed, relevant and is it comprehensive?
- 14. From the introduction does the study seem original in concept?
- 15. Do the aims of the study follow logically from the literature review and are they clearly stated?
- 16. If appropriate, is a null hypothesis stated.

Methods

- 17. Is the design of the study consistent with its aims?
- 18. If applicable, was a pilot study performed to test the methodology?
- 19. Is the sample representative of the population in question?
- 20. Are controls needed and used in the study?
- 21. If controls are used, are they appropriate?
- 22. Is the method of selecting the sample/cases and controls clearly described?
- 23. Are other details such as numbers, time periods, statistical tests used clearly described and consistent?
- 24. If relevant, have examiners been trained and calibrated?
- 25. Are details of such training and calibration given?

- 26. If questionnaires and proforma have been used, have they been tested, are they relevant to the study and are they presented either as figures in the paper or via a link to a web-site?
- 27. Could there be ethical objections to the study?
- 28. Does the paper include a clear statement on whether or not ethical approval was sought and if so, who from?
- 29. If ethical approval was not sought, is there a clear explanation why?

Results

- 30. Are the results and any statistical tests presented in a clear and unambiguous manner (tables, figures, graphs, etc)?
- 31. Are there any missing data and if so are they accounted for eg drop-outs, non-responders, etc?
- 32. Are the numbers, percentages, statistical values accurate and clear?
- 33. If statistical tests have been used, are they appropriate?
- 34. If statistical tests have not been used, can this be justified?
- 35. Is the sample too small to justify the findings ?
- 36. Although they may be statistically significant are the findings clinically significant?
- 37. Are the results believable?

Discussion

- 38. Does the discussion critique and discuss the methodology used?
- 39. Does the discussion comprehensively discuss the results?
- 40. Are the results discussed in relation to other important literature on the topic area of the study?
- 41. Does the discussion extend beyond the methods and results of the study?

Conclusions

- 42. Do the conclusions accurately reflect the results of the study?
- 43. Are the conclusions clear set out?

Acknowledgements

- 44. Is any source of funding identified?
- 45. Is there a statement of conflict of interest?
- 46. Is there a statement of exactly how each author contributed to the paper?

References

47. Are the references accurate, up to date and relevant?